Orange Room First Grade Curriculum

Building a sense of community in which each child recognizes and realizes the importance of compassion, communication, respect, cooperation, and problem solving is central to the Orange Room class structure. The children have a variety of opportunities to direct their learning based on their natural curiosity and interests. The Orange Room curriculum is both theme and literature-based, incorporating the four core content areas: Language Arts, Mathematics, Social Studies, and Science. Artistic expression using a variety of media is integrated into the four core content areas. Children are encouraged to become "experts" and teach each other and other classes the thematic concepts covered in class. Diverse approaches are used in the presentation of content in order to incorporate the children's individual learning styles. Activities are hands-on and experiential when possible while adhering to Covid-19 mitigation protocol. The children are encouraged to move at a pace that is right for them as individual learners. Developing a positive learning environment that supports and encourages a love of learning is an important goal in the Orange Room.

Calendar

After Math each day, the Orange Roomers go over the calendar, count the days of school, and go over the schedule for the day. Many calendar concepts are covered using both the English and Spanish languages. Children count in Spanish to find out what day it is. The date (day of the week, number, and month) is repeated in both languages. The calendar activities incorporate the following concepts: number recognition; writing the date; and recognizing and predicting patterns. Counting the days of school helps children become familiar with the concept of place value. We also discuss the type of weather we are experiencing in both English and Spanish.

Morning Question

The Morning Question provides the children with the opportunity to express and articulate their feelings, ideas, and experiences in a non-threatening environment. Most Morning Questions relate to the theme and encourage

discussion to enrich the children's understanding of thematic concepts. Literacy concepts are also introduced and reinforced during Morning Question.

Math

The Orange Room primarily utilizes the <u>Eureka Math</u> curriculum and supplements the curriculum with Tang Math as well as other math resources. The Eureka Math curriculum focuses on building strong fact fluency and critical thinking skills. The following is a list of the math concepts and skills that will be covered during the year in the First Grade <u>Eureka Math</u> curriculum:

- Establish Math routines
- Use tools for Mathematics
- Represent and solve problems involving addition and subtraction within 20
- Add and subtract fluently to 10
- Add and subtract within 20
- Understand and apply the properties of operations and the relationship between addition and subtraction
- Understand Place Value using Base Ten
- Use place value understanding and

- properties of operations to add and subtract
- Measure lengths indirectly and by iterating length units
- Represent and interpret data
- Extend the counting sequence
- Tell and write time to the hour and half hour
- Identify and count pennies nickels, dimes, and quarters
- Reason with shapes and their attributes
- Identify, compose, and partition shapes

Literacy Curriculum

The Orange Room Literacy Curriculum includes several individual components which work together to strengthen and build literacy skills.

A. Theme Book

Each week a different theme book, based on the weekly theme, is used to reinforce social studies and science concepts as well as reading comprehension skills. The teacher reads the theme book the first three days of the week. Mini lessons, following or preceding the reading, incorporate the following concepts:

- Identifying the main idea of the story
- Making predictions before and during the reading
- Retelling story events using the structure of beginning, middle, and end
- Summarizing orally what was read
- Recognizing the difference between fiction and non-fiction texts
- Identifying and describing the setting of the story
- Answering who, what, when, where, why, and how questions
- Creating a timeline of events

After listening to the theme book, the children can illustrate and practice reading their own "Little Book." This book is either a scaled down version of the theme book or the same text as the theme book. The children read and draw their own illustrations to match the text on each page. The purpose of the "Little Book" is to effectively combine reading comprehension skills with decoding strategies in order to build confidence in reading as well as develop reading skills and fluency.

On the fourth day of each week, the children take turns retelling the story. This provides the teacher with an assessment of the children's reading comprehension skills and understanding of story development.

On the fifth day of each week, the children choose parts and act out the story. This approach allows children to "jump into the book" and develop an appreciation and love of literature.

B. Reading and Writing Workshop

Several approaches to literacy are incorporated into Reading and Writing Workshop.

1. Mini lessons

Each mini lesson incorporates structured literacy concepts from structured literacy resources such as Secret Stories. Children are encouraged to approach reading by becoming "Reading Detectives" and look for "clues" to decode and read unfamiliar words. Many "Reading Detective Clues" are introduced during Morning Question. Each clue is posted on the wall in the Orange Room. The story behind each clue is shared with the students and they may reference the clues as needed by looking at the clues posted in the classroom. Students identify previously covered "Reading Detective Clues" in the Morning Question each day and take turns reading the questions. During the second half of the year, the teacher includes spelling, grammatical, and punctuation errors in the Morning Question. The students identify and correct the errors.

Children exhibit their understanding of the concepts presented in a variety of ways, including, but not limited to reading leveled books, creating, and publishing class books, writing stories, composing poems, correcting grammar and punctuation in sentences, and expressing themselves in writing.

- 2. **Guided Reading** the children go over their journal writing, read books at their reading level aloud, and respond to reading comprehension questions with the teacher in small groups.
- 3. Journal writing- Students express their ideas in writing and meet individually with the teacher to read and edit their writing. Students are encouraged to complete journal entries independently. Children are expected and encouraged to spell unfamiliar words using their understanding of "Reading Detective Clues" and spelling patterns covered in mini lessons, concepts covered in the SPIRE or the Word Study curriculum, as well as high frequency word lists and invented spelling (spelling phonetically).
- 4. **Reading Response** the children choose a book at their reading level to read independently. The children are encouraged to use the "Five Finger Rule" when choosing a book. If they cannot read more than

five words on the first page, they are encouraged to choose different books that better fit their current reading levels. As the year progresses, children are asked to respond to reading comprehension questions in writing or complete Reading Response projects after reading books independently. The Reading Response projects are designed to reinforce and assess the children's reading comprehension skills.

5. S.P.I.R.E. (or Word Study)

The students are divided into groups based on their performance on the SPIRE assessment.

S.P.I.R.E. (Specialized Program Individualizing Reading Excellence)
The teacher guides students in SPIRE groups through specifically sequenced lesson plans designed to provide direct instruction in phonological awareness, phonics, fluency, vocabulary, and comprehension. The students meet twice a week to work through a lesson plan that focuses on a specific concept. They complete a sound, word, and dictation assessment on Friday. Students are given reading and spelling practice to work on at home to complement the practice completed in class.

If it is determined that SPIRE is not appropriate for a student, they may engage in Word Study.

Word Study is a "developmental study of words by features" (<u>Words Their Way</u>, p.182). The student meets in a small group or individually with the teacher and works independently to complete word sorts. The purpose of Word Study is to strengthen word knowledge. With the growth of word knowledge, skills associated with reading, writing, oral language, and comprehension are also strengthened.

6. Handwriting

The children receive specific handwriting instruction using the <u>Zaner-Bloser First Grade Handwriting Book</u>. Children practice writing upper and lower-case letters appropriately. Handwriting practice is also incorporated into Reading and Writing Workshop.

7. Read Aloud

Two days a week the teacher reads to the children from a chapter book. Children are encouraged to relax, listen, reflect, and create illustrations in their minds.

First Grade Literacy Objectives:

- Apply knowledge of how print is organized and read
- Identify isolated words and sentences in text
- Identify and employ strategies to decode unfamiliar words
- Use phonetic strategies to self-correct reading errors when possible
- Recognize and read high-frequency words
- Accurately read common, irregularly spelled words
- Use beginning and ending consonants to decode one-syllable words
- Use two-letter consonant blends and digraphs to decode unfamiliar words
- Use word patterns to decode unfamiliar words
- Use end punctuation to guide oral reading
- Use pictures and context to assist meaning-making
- Self-check for meaning during reading
- Read leveled text with fluency and comprehension
- Answer who, what, when, where, and why questions after reading independently
- Recognize and decode compound words
- Use appropriate spacing of words and sentences
- Write legibly in manuscript on all assignments
- Generate pre-writing idea or plan
- Focus on one idea or topic when writing independently
- Capitalize the beginning of each sentence
- Capitalize proper nouns
- Use invented spelling and phonics to spell independently
- Use knowledge of beginning and end consonant sounds to spell unfamiliar words

- Use vowels (a,e,i,o,u and sometimes y) in each word when writing
- Recognize long and short vowel sounds when reading
- Recognize long and short vowel sounds when writing
- Represent each syllable of a word when writing independently
- Spell common, high-frequency words accurately
- Use complete sentence structure (subject and predicate)
- Punctuate using basic end punctuation (period, question mark, and exclamation point)
- Alphabetize words to the second letter
- Use descriptive vocabulary in writing

Theme Activities

The themes for the year are based on the children's interests and the Virginia Standards of Learning for Social Studies and Science for First Grade. The themes vary in length. Some themes may be covered in one week and others may be covered in three weeks. The length of the themes is based on the children's curiosity and enthusiasm for the subject matter. During Theme activities, the class engages in discussions, conducts experiments, and participates in hands-on, theme-related activities.

This year the following themes will be covered in the Orange Room:

August Back to School

Free to Be You and Me (Celebrating Individuality)

September Communities

Maps and Mapmaking

October Seasonal Changes (Fall/Harvest)

Appalachia (biology)

November Appalachia (geology)

Cherokee Nation

December Native American Cultures

January Space

Polar Regions

February Water/Matter

Important Americans in History

March Machines and Motion

Exploring the Ocean

April Exploring the Ocean

What We Buy-Our Economy

Plants

May Rain Forest

Reduce, Reuse, Recycle

Star-of-the-Week

For the first half of the school year, each child has the opportunity to be the Star-of-the-Week. The Star-of-the-Week may share something about him or herself twice (2 days-15 minutes each day) during their week. This exercise helps children gain valuable experience speaking in front of a group. The class community has an opportunity to gain an appreciation of and celebrate the individuality and uniqueness of each child.

Resident Expert

During the second half of the year, each child has the opportunity to be a Resident Expert. Each child chooses a Social Studies or Science subject he or she is interested in learning more about (preferably a subject that will not be covered in the Orange Room Themes). With family support, the child conducts an in-depth study of the subject and prepares two 15-minute presentations and/or activities related to their chosen subject. The child becomes the "expert" and teaches the class about their chosen topic.

Additional Subjects

Orange Roomers will receive regular instruction in Art, Physical Education, Spanish, and Music. Teachers specializing in these subjects provide the curriculum and instruction.

Assessment

Assessment in the Orange Room is both formal and informal. Formal assessments are used to assess progress in Reading, Math, and Spelling. The Houghton Mifflin Leveled Reading Assessment is used to assess the reading level of each student at the beginning, middle, and end of the year. The assessments used in Math are provided by both the teacher and the Eureka Math curriculum. SPIRE assessments are given to each student at the beginning of the year to assess their knowledge of phonological concepts. Words Their Way spelling inventories are given to individual students as needed. Informal assessments include teacher observations and anecdotal records as well as the assessment of skills and participation in small and large group discussions and activities. Assessment of Science and Social Studies concepts is gauged through project work and participation in class discussions and activities. Parent-teacher conferences are held three times during the school year to discuss the children's progress. A formal written evaluation is prepared at the end of the year and is reviewed in the final parent-teacher conference.